Rise in non-plan expenditure

*156. DR. BAPU KALDATE :

SHRI M. S GURUPADASWAMY :

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that there has been an excessive increase in the non-Plan expenditure since January, 1987,

(b) whether this has resulted in an abnormal price rise; and

(c) if so, what steps Government have taken to check the non-Plan expenditure and arrest further price rise ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF EXPENDITURE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI B K. GADHVI) : (a) No, Sir.

(b) and (c) Do not arise

Credit advanced by Banks

157 SHRIMATI KANAK MUKHERJEE : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :

(a) what is the total amount of credit advanced by the banks State-wise (in rupees) as at the end of December, 1986;

(b) what is the State-wise credit-deposit ratio of the banks as at the end of December, 1986, and

(c) what factors are responsible for the low credit-deposit ratio in the eastern zone in general and West Bengal in particular ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI) : (a) to (c) The State-wise outstanding advances and credit . deposit ratio of all Scheduled Commercial Banks, as at the end of December 1986, are set out in the annexed statement.

The credit . deposit ratio in any particular region depends upon several factors like the level and growth of economic activity, quantum of deposits mobilised by banks, credit absorbing capacity of the region, level of infrastructural facilities availability of viable bankable schemes, recovery expectations etc A mix of these factors has been broadly responsible for the lower credit : deposit ratio in some of the States in the Eastern Zone, including West Bengal

Statement

State wise Advances and Credit · Deposit Ratio of all Scheduled Commercial Banks as on the last Friday of December 1986

(Amount of Rs crores)

State/Region/Union Territory	Advances	C :D Ratio (%)
1	2	3
I **Northern Region :**	**12314**	**54 .7**
Haryana	1236	**66·1**
Himachal Pradesh	264	39 ?
Jammu & Kashmir	421	43·1
Punjab	2394	41·3
Rajasthan	1696	65·9
Chandigarh	1240	164 7
Delhi	5064	49·3